

## DMX Capital Partners Limited August 2023 - Investor Update

An investment company managed by: **DMX Asset Management Limited**ACN 169 381 908 AFSL 459 120

13/111 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW 2000

DMXCP directors: Roger Collison

Dean Morel (Chair)

Steven McCarthy

Opening NAV (1 August 2023) (1,2) Closing NAV (31 August 2023) (1,2)	\$2.3710 \$2.3490
Fund size (gross assets)	\$23m
% Cash held - month end	2%
Gearing	Nil

1-month return	-0.9%
3-month return	5.1%
12-month return	-3.5%
3-year return (CAGR p.a.)	11.3%
Since inception (8 years 5 months) (CAGR p.a.)	15.4%
Since inception (8 years 5 months) (cumulative)	232.2%

DMXCP Share price = Closing NAV (**\$2.3490**), being: Share portfolio value + cash – fees payable – tax payable + franking credits Returns include dividends reinvested and franking credits paid.

Inception date of 1 April 2015 (Inception NAV: \$1.00). Since inception, \$1.02 of dividends & franking credits have been paid.

Dear Shareholder,

DMXCP's NAV decreased 0.9% (after all accrued management fees and expenses) for August 2023. The NAV as at 31 August 2023 was **\$2.3490** compared to \$2.3710 as at 31 July 2023.

Markets declined during August - the All Ordinaries fell 1.4% while the Small Ordinaries declined 1.6%. Pressure on smaller companies continued with the Emerging Companies Index falling 4.3%.

## **August Reporting**

August saw our companies report their results for the 12 months to 30 June 2023. Whilst a number of our companies had pre-reported their results, we were keen to get a sense as to how the portfolio has been navigating the deteriorating macroeconomic conditions and get a better understanding of the outlooks. Reflecting on the results generally across the portfolio, we make the following observations:

- Across our larger positions, we now have improved visibility on earnings growth during FY24. After reviewing
  the FY23 results, we detail how we are currently thinking about the growth profiles of our larger positions in
  the table below. As highlighted, we are expecting strong double-digit profit/EPS growth in FY24 across the
  majority of those names.
- On the back of the audited results for the year to 30 June 2023, we are enthused about the embedded value across the portfolio. We highlight in the bullet points below some of the value opportunities in some of the smaller nano-cap positions that we own.
- A number of positions that had disappointing results earlier in the financial year: Kip McGrath (ASX:KME),
  Datadot (ASX:DDT), AF Legal (ASX:AFL), Diverger (ASX:DVR) and Early Pay (ASX:EPY) all had significantly
  improved second halves, and have reported stronger momentum heading into FY24.

During the month we saw corporate interest in Energy One (ASX:**EOL**), with its share price up 30% as it granted exclusive due diligence to a US private equity firm for a possible takeover. Other positive contributions came from Laserbond (ASX:**LBL**)(+19%) and KME (+20%) which both reported strong second half results.

The largest detractor was Acadamies Australasia (ASX:**AKG**) which fell 30% after it reported a disappointing cash and profit result for the year. Other detractors included several of our small illiquid companies that fell on low volume.

Set out below are the reported FY23 profit results of our key holdings, and our expectations for FY24. We expect all these positions to be NPAT profitable in FY24, with 7 out of the 10 paying dividends.

DMXCP Portfolio key holdings update – August 2023								
Company	FY23 Profit	FY24 DMXAM Estimated Profit	Change	Notes				
Sequoia Financial Group (ASX: <b>SEQ</b> ) \$70m MC	\$3.8m NPATA (1)	\$5m to \$5.5m NPATA	+31% to +45%	DMXAM estimate, with key assumptions being: -FY24 is expected to benefit from improved momentum, after a challenging FY23, with FY24 underlying EBITDA of ~\$9m (FY23: ~\$7m) -FY24 is expected to benefit from earnings contribution from the recently completed Castle acquisition, an uplift in activity in Specialist Investments, offset by the loss of Morrison's earnings. SEQ also has \$40m of cash as at 31/08 (1)DMXAM estimate of SEQ's normalized NPATA from continuing operations				
Smartpay (ASX: <b>SMP</b> ) \$445m (NZD) MC	\$8.5m NPAT	\$10m to \$11m NPAT	+18% to 29%	DMXAM forecast based on continued Australian acquiring growth Underlying profit growth also masked by move to tax paying position.				
Cirrus (ASX: <b>CNW</b> ) \$38m MC	\$1.7m NPAT (2)	\$2.4m to \$2.8m NPAT	+41% to 65%	DMXAM estimate, with key assumptions being: -labour market headwinds easing, which will improve professional services margins in FY24 -FY24 is expected to benefit from full year contribution of ENI managed services contract, and part year contribution from Icon managed services contractCNW has ~\$13m cash to apply towards acquisitions (2)Reported NPAT with full tax expensed				
Pureprofile (ASX: <b>PPL</b> ) \$36m MC	-\$1.5m NPAT (3)	~\$0 NPAT n/a		PPL's reported profit continues to be impacted by share based compensation (\$2.2m in FY23) However, on the back of continued strong double-digit revenue growth, we expect PPL generate an NPAT around break-even in FY24.  (3)loss from continuing operations				
Laserbond (ASX: <b>LBL</b> ) \$93m MC	\$4.8m NPAT	\$6.5m to \$7.0m NPAT	+35% to 46%	DMXAM estimate, with key assumptions being: -technology division reversing from loss to profit contribution, with up to 5 licensing deals due to close in FY24 -Product margins forecast to normalize on the back of price increases in mid 2023 LBL is also likely to make an accretive acquisition in Western Australia in FY24				
Kip McGrath (ASX:KME) \$35m MC	\$2.3m NPATA (4)	\$2.8m to \$3.2m NPATA	+21% to 39%	DMXAM estimate, with key assumptions being: -FY24 is expected to benefit from improved Tutorfly result, adding ~\$1m in EBIT (loss making in FY23) -FY24 is expected to benefit from improved corporate centre performance as it scales, adding ~\$1m in EBIT (4)\$1.9m stat NPAT adding back \$0.4m in non-software related amortization				
SOCO (ASX: <b>SOC</b> ) \$33m MC	\$2.0m NPAT (5)	\$2.2m to \$2.4m NPAT	+10% to 20%	DMXAM estimate, based on FY23 year end employee numbers.  SOCO continues to target accretive acquisitions, which may add to FY24 profit (5) pro-forma as SOC listed during FY23				
Shriro (ASX: <b>SHM</b> ) \$88m MC	\$8m NPAT	~\$8m NPAT	flat	DMXAM estimate, based on company guidance of \$15m - \$17m EBITDA.  Loss-making appliances business has now been sold. ~\$23m of cash to be returned to shareholders.  FY24 includes \$1.5m of ERP implementation costs.				
Diverger (ASX: <b>DVR</b> ) \$35m MC	\$4.7m NPATA	\$5.5m to \$5.9m NPATA	+17% to 26%	DMXAM estimate, based on company guidance of \$8m - \$9m EBITA. FY23 EBITA was \$6.9m. EBITA Run rate at 30/06/23 is \$8.2m FY24 will include \$1.4m from acquisitions completed during FY23				
Prime Financial (ASX: <b>PFG</b> ) \$45m MC	\$5.3m NPATA	\$5.8m to \$6.1m NPATA	+10% to 15%	DMXAM estimate, based on company guidance of +10%- 15% EBITDA. FY23 EBITDA was \$8.6m. FY24 will include full year contribution from Intello acquisition 15-20% total revenue growth guided for FY24				

Whilst forecasting is difficult at the best of times, we believe the drivers of, and assumptions supporting, the profit uplifts to be reasonable based on what we know at this point in time. The majority of these businesses exit FY23 with strong momentum, and we look forward to their progress during FY24. Strong NPAT/EPS growth will drive share price growth over time.

Among our other positions, we believe the full year numbers highlight the value across the portfolio. As noted below, we have built up reasonable holdings in each of the following illiquid companies over a long period of time. These sizes of positions are not easily replicated, so we would expect to benefit from the combination of low liquidity and value on offer here.

Advanced Braking (ASX:ABV) – ABV reported a well flagged NPAT of \$1.5m. ABV had a market cap of \$14m at
the end of August, with \$2m cash. We expect strong revenue growth (>20%) and earnings growth to continue
into FY24 as it offers a compelling ESG solution to its customers. We are a top 10 shareholder in ABV.

- AF Legal (ASX:AFL) AFL reported an encouraging second half turnaround, following the board and management restructure during late 2022. H2 profit before tax was \$622k H2, compared to a loss of \$463k in H1, a >\$1m turnaround. H2 revenue growth was >20% on the prior year. We would expect this encouraging momentum to continue into FY24. AFL has a market cap of \$15m and net cash of ~\$2m. We are a top 10 shareholder in AFL.
- Corum (ASX:COO) COO reported a cash position of \$12.8m, and expects to receive a further \$7m from the sale of its non-core software business, providing a pro-forma cash position of ~\$20m (although it awaits an appeal against its legal win over Fred IT earlier this year). COO had a market cap of \$24m at the end of August, ascribing little value to its high quality, profitable, growing market dominant PharmX business. We are a top 20 shareholder in COO.
- Kinatico (ASX:KYP) KYP reported its maiden (albeit modest) NPAT for the year, with EBITDA increasing 133% to \$2.6m. With its second half NPAT of >\$1m being a \$2m+ turnaround from its first half NPAT loss of \$1m, it is another position with strong momentum heading into FY24. KYP has a \$40m market cap and ~\$10m cash.
- Knosys (ASX:KNO) KNO grew its recurring revenue from license and support fees 16% to \$9.6 million in FY23.
   It is seeing early signs of improved market demand after many months of delayed decision-making from customers. At the end of August its market cap was \$8m with ~\$4m cash at the end of July, with its ARR approaching \$10m and a very low enterprise value. We are a top 10 shareholder in KNO.
- Field Solutions (ASX:**FSG**) FSG delivered an EBITDA result within guidance of \$5m, and is forecasting for growth in EBITDA to between \$5.5m and \$7m in FY24. FSG has also guided to receive between \$18m and \$22m in government grants during FY24, which will increase its net tangible assets (regional tower infrastructure) to \$45m. FSG's market cap at the end of August was \$30m. We are a top 20 shareholder in FSG.
- Yellow Brick Road (ASX:YBR) YBR recorded an improved cash profit (\$840K EBITDA) result in the second half, and continues to trade at a >50% discount to its NTA of 13c. YBR finished the month with a market cap of \$20m, has \$8m cash and a valuable (intangible) network of 1,200+ brokers and a \$63bn customer loan book. We are a top 10 shareholder in YBR.

We think some of the pricing we are seeing here is reminiscent of GFC times — with the market having essentially given up on many illiquid, small companies. With buyers showing little interest, in many cases they are priced for failure, irrespective of the value on offer. However, all the companies we noted above have strong cash/asset positions and offer what we consider to be very interesting value supported by either their balance sheet or earnings profile. We continue to take advantage of the opportunity created by this market dis-interest, by selectively adding to positions.

As further evidence of this extreme pricing we are seeing at the smaller end of the market, we participated in the capital raise of Careteq (ASX:CTQ), which was priced at an EV of less than \$2m. The raising price of 2.5c compared to its 20c IPO price in 2022. We will discuss our thesis for CTQ in a future update.

In summary, we finish the August reporting season enthused, and confident about the prospects and multi-bagger potential for many constituents of our portfolio of under-the-radar companies. We have attempted to illustrate some of these interesting set-ups above to give a sense of the opportunities that we are seeing.

We thank all our investors for your support and look forward to updating you again next month.

Kind regards

Roger Collison Chairman - DMXAM Steven McCarthy

Portfolio Manager

Chris Steptoe
Research Analyst

Note 1: Net asset value (NAV) is after income tax payable but includes an estimate of franking credits available. Refer note 4, unaudited

Note 2: Unaudited result

Note 3: All DMXCP disclosed returns include the payment of dividends and franking credits

Note 4: Franking credits per share are franking credits arising from dividends received and for tax paid or payable on realised portfolio gain

## **Appendix 1: Performance**

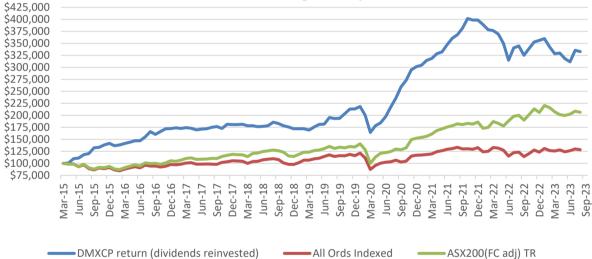
Monthly DMXCP Net asset value (share-price) returns (after fees) since inception (April 2015) (3) (%):

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2015	n/a	n/a	n/a	+0.201	+9.448	+1.104	+6.524	+1.971	+9.711	+0.958	+3.568	+2.470	+41.62
2016	-3.590	+1.323	+2.049	+2.045	+2.143	+0.020	+5.389	+7.056	+2.156	+1.058	+1.520	+0.321	+23.10
2017	+0.885	-0.816	+1.790	-0.741	-1.990	+0.210	+1.071	+1.208	+0.822	+3.494	-0.267	-0.055	+5.54
2018	+0.445	-1.625	+0.008	-1.173	+0.310	-0.211	+1.017	+4.112	+1.604	-3.438	-2.827	-2.257	-3.66
2019	+0.122	-0.010	-1.624	+3.754	+3.014	+0.418	+7.482	-0.889	+3.279	+4.567	+2.997	+0.140	+25.10
2020	+2.33	-8.42	-17.91	+8.521	+4.525	+6.213	+10.09	+8.669	+6.518	+11.10	+7.86	+2.24	+42.47
2 021	+1.02	+3.31	+1.17	+3.20	+1.10	+0.70	+3.96	+2.12	+3.80	+5.51	-0.84	+0.04	+28.06
2 022	-2.48	-2.93	-0.51	-2.04	-5.50	-10.64	+8.72	+1.20	-5.90	+4.52	+4.50	+0.96	-11.4
2 023	+1.12	-5.17	-4.52	+0.47	-3.94	-2.30	+8.55	-0.93					-7.2

All Ords
-8.83
+7.01
+7.83
-7.24
+19.02
+0.72
+13.55
-7.2
+4.1

The following chart illustrates the return from investing \$100,000 in the fund (including dividends and attached franking credits) since inception (1 May 2015). DMXCP is an absolute return fund, focused on generating positive absolute returns over the medium to long term.





This document is issued by DMX Asset Management Limited (DMXAM - AFSL 459 120) in relation to DMX Capital Partners Limited (DMXCP). The information provided in this document is general information only and does not constitute investment or other advice. The content of this document does not constitute an offer or solicitation to subscribe for shares in DMXCP. DMXAM accepts no liability for any inaccurate, incomplete or omitted information of any kind, or any losses caused by this information. Any investment decision in connection with DMXCP should only be made based on the information contained in the relevant disclosure document.